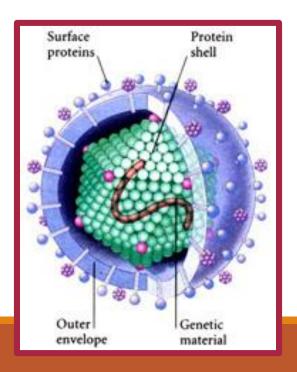
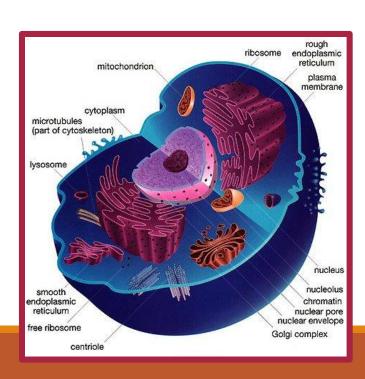
Are viruses living?

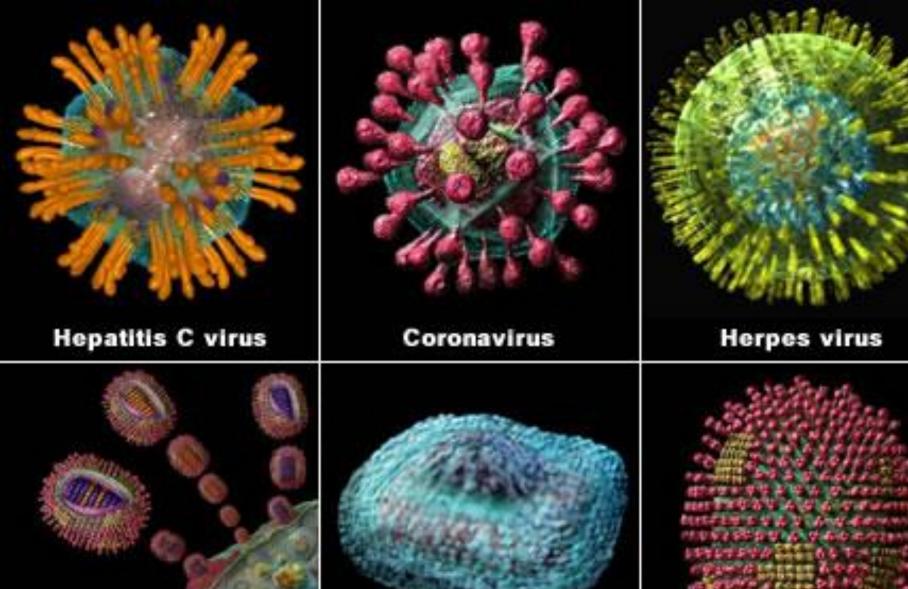
A virus is an <u>infectious</u> agent made up of <u>nucleic</u> acid (<u>DNA</u> or <u>RNA</u>) wrapped in a <u>protein</u> coat called a

Viruses have no <u>nucleus</u>, no <u>organelles</u>, no <u>cytoplasm</u> or cell membrane—<u>Non-cellular</u> (not a cell)









Bird flu virus

Smallpox virus

Influenza virus

How Do Viruses Work?

- In order to replicate and make copies of itself, viruses need a **host cell**. **Any living cell** can become a host cell (human, animal, plant, and even bacterial cells!)
- Without a host cell, viruses cannot function
- Viruses can not store energy or make proteins
- Although any cell can theoretically become a host cell, specific viruses will only infect specific cell
 - (EX: HIV will *only* infect human T cells, a part of your immune system)

At the bottom of this page:

Write a paragraph (5-6 sentences) on the following:

What type of cell is a virus? Is a virus a living organism? Cite evidence based on what we have learned about life and viruses.

	Virus	Living Cell
Structure	RNA or DNA core (center), protein coat (capsid)	Cell membrane, cytoplasm, genetic material, organelles
Reproduction	Copies itself only inside host cellREPLICATION	Asexual or Sexual
Genetic Material	DNA <u>or</u> RNA	DNA and RNA
Growth and Development	NO	YES—Multicellular Organisms
Obtain and Use Energy	NO	YES
Respond to Environment	NO	YES
Change over time	YES	YES